Corporate governance report

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

Compliance with the Code	-
Comments by the Chair	4
Securitas' governance model	4
Shareholders	4
Annual General Meeting	4
Nomination Committee	4
Board of Directors	4
Audit Committee	5
Remuneration Committee	5
Auditors	5
Facts on Board of Directors	51–5
Facts on Group Management	54-5
Enterprise risk management	
(ERM) and internal control	57–6
Signatures of the	
Board of Directors	6
Auditor's report on Corporate	
Governance Statement	6

Compliance with the Swedish Corporate Governance Code (the Code)

The corporate governance report, which has been prepared in accordance with Chapter 6, Section 6 and 8 of the Swedish Annual Accounts Act, provides key information concerning compliance with the Swedish Corporate Governance Code (the Code), shareholders, the Annual General Meeting, Nomination Committee, Board of Directors and their work, including committees, remuneration and the division of responsibilities throughout the governance structure. This section also covers Securitas' system of internal control and risk management, which is the responsibility of the Board of Directors according to the Swedish Companies Act and the Swedish Corporate Governance Code. This description does not form part of the Annual Report.

In the Internal control section pertaining to risk, we have opted to widen the scope of our description and explain how enterprise risk management works in the broader perspective regardless of the type of risk, which means that our focus is not confined to risk related to internal controls over financial reporting. Fulfilling our strategies and objectives while maintaining an appropriate risk level is imperative, which is why risk manage-

ment procedures span all levels of the organization.

Read more at www.securitas.com/en/corporate-governance

Securitas has published its principles for corporate governance in previous Annual Reports. A separate section on the Group website contains the Articles of Association and other key company documents.

Securitas complies with the Code principle of "comply or explain" and has two deviations to explain for 2020.

Code rule 2.4 Neither the company chair nor any other member of the Board may chair the Nomination Committee.

Comment: This deviation applied for the Nomination committee for AGM 2020 where Investment AB Latour had appointed Carl Douglas (Vice-Chair of the Board) as Chair of the Nomination Committee. The Committee considered it important to have a representative from the major shareholders as Chair of the Committee. For the AGM 2021 this deviation no longer applies as Johan Hjertonsson, representing Investment AB Latour, has been

appointed Chair of the Nomination Committee.

Code Rule 9.7 For share-based incentive programs, the vesting period, or the period from the commencement of an agreement to the date on which the shares are acquired, is to be no less than three years.

Comment: Securitas' share-based incentive scheme was implemented in 2010 and has been renewed annually since then. It was based on the then-existing bonus structure of the Securitas Group. In simple terms, the bonus potential was increased in exchange for a one-time salary freeze and one-third of the cash bonus outcome was to be received in shares in March of the year following the year in which the cash bonus would have been paid out, provided that the person remained employed by Securitas at such time. Since the program replaces an immediate cash bonus payout and is not granted in addition to already existing bonus rights, the Board deems that the two-year period from the commencement of the program until the release of the shares is well motivated and reasonable in order to achieve the purpose of the program.

Guided by our strong values in challenging times

Comments by the Chair

Marie Ehrling Chair of the Board

"Securitas holds a strong position as the global leader in the security industry and is well positioned for the future." 2020 was a year like no other – for Securitas and for the world in which we operate. On behalf of the Board of Directors, I would like to express our appreciation for the resilience and hard work of all Securitas employees as well as our deepest sympathies to those who have lost loved ones.

The whole world has been affected by the corona pandemic, including our clients, our employees and other key stakeholders. As a major player in the private security industry, it is clearer than ever that Securitas plays a vital role in society. We help ensure that our clients, in both the private and public sectors, can carry out their work in a safe and secure way. As we have seen in 2020, conditions can change radically in a short period of time, and we have demonstrated our ability to quickly adjust to our clients' changing needs. Our strategy to digitize a larger part of our services and the way we work has certainly proved to be the right way forward. Everyone had to change the way they work, and Securitas as a company has shown the ability to adjust and adapt to a new reality, global developments and changing client needs. To

remain a strong global company in our ever-changing world, this agility will be of the utmost importance going forward.

Securitas holds a strong position as the global leader in the security industry and is well positioned for the future. Our clients' needs are evolving towards more digitized services as well as more complex solutions, and we are in a period of accelerated transformation in order to further strengthen our offering in these areas and also become the leader in intelligent security. Despite the challenges in 2020, I am pleased that we managed to continue our ambitious transformation agenda in all our regions.

FOCUS ON A SUSTAINABLE WAY OF WORKING

Due to the pandemic, the Board was not able to perform any country visits during the year. Despite the prevailing situation, we managed to carry out our duties in an effective manner and remain engaged in Securitas' strategic and operational work. Although rapidly changing circumstances required fast, short-term decisions



this year, we continue to maintain a long-term approach to the development of Securitas' business. Securitas is a company with strong values, and in the face of the trying reality presented by the pandemic, Securitas' employees at all levels demonstrated that they truly live up to our core values of Integrity, Vigilance and Helpfulness, and to our purpose: "We help make your world a safer place".

At Securitas, compliance with our values and procedures has been at our core ever since the company was founded in 1934. In 2020, we continued to develop our internal control and risk management in order to further strengthen our capabilities to uphold compliance with internal and external values and regulations. We have high ambitions with regard to sustainability, and we will continue to pursue these ambitions with a focus on our people, both within Securitas and in the security industry. Occupational health and safety, fair wages, good working conditions and talent management are among our prioritized areas, and we are also working to reduce our environmental impact.

After serving on Securitas' Board of Directors for 15 years, the last six of which as Chair, it is time for me to step down at the Annual General Meeting in May 2021. It has been a privilege to be part of Securitas' great journey and the development that the company has gone through. We have a clear strategy and an ambitious target for the years to come. We aim to expand our lead in the security industry and to become our clients' intelligent protective services partner. I would like to thank my colleagues on the Board and Securitas' management team for their outstanding work and collaboration. Finally, I would like to thank all

Securitas' shareholders for their trust and confidence over the years. I am convinced that Securitas' journey in the years ahead will continue to be successful.

Stockholm, March 18, 2021

Marie Ehrling
Chair of the Board
Securitas AB

Solid system for governance and management

Securitas' structure for governance serves to protect the long-term interests of our stakeholders, ensure value creation and encourage an entrepreneurial corporate culture. A sound corporate governance model also creates the foundation for responsible and sustainable business.

Securitas has a decentralized organizational model that promotes entrepreneurship and focuses on the approximately 1660 branch managers who run the company's daily operations in 47 countries. The company's offerings improve when decisions are made in close proximity to clients and the employees who perform the services. Local decisions are therefore encouraged but require a solid governance and management system. To facilitate this work, Securitas has systems, routines and procedures in place for monitoring targets, internal control and risk management.

As a global company, Securitas operates in many different markets where laws, regulations, environmental requirements and social conditions may differ. Therefore, it is vital that we always act transparently and ethically. Sustainability is well integrated into Securitas' everyday work. Securitas' sustainability work is based on our fundamental values – Integrity, Vigilance and Helpfulness – and guided by our key corporate policies and principles, such as Securitas' Values and Ethics Code.

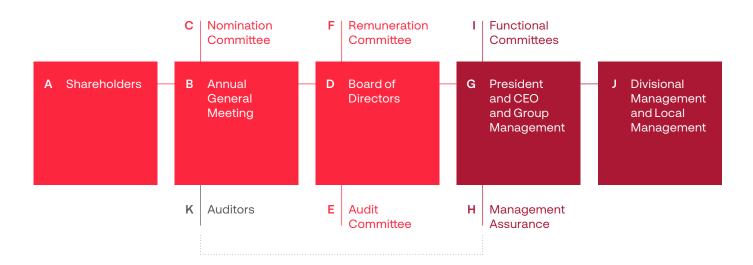
Securitas values are strongly linked to its management model – The Securitas Toolbox. A key function of the Toolbox is to convey our corporate culture and create a shared platform through our values. Securitas' Toolbox management model has a methodical structure that includes several well-defined areas or "tools" that serve as a framework at all levels, and is maintained through continuous training and discussion forums. The different areas of the model describe how Securitas' managers are to conduct themselves in various aspects and stages of the company's operations. The model also describes the approach we are expected to take with regard to the market, our clients and employees. All Securitas employees are expected to assume responsibility for the clients and operations and for our shared values. Responsibility is clarified through the measurement and systematic evaluation of results.

To continuously work on awareness and knowledge around control and compliance topics are important and several initiatives within this area have been taken during 2020.

As part of our decentralized management approach, we are required to set and follow up on strict financial targets by continuously measuring and monitoring the Group's performance. Financial control is not simply about implementing controls, it also functions as an incentive for those employees who are in a position

to personally influence Securitas' financial results.

The financial framework and model continuously measure the Group's performance, from the branch offices through to Group level. The aim of the Group's financial reporting is to produce the most timely and accurate information possible to enable managers and employees to make the decisions necessary for achieving profitable growth in line with Securitas' strategies, and to control risks to ensure that the company's objectives are achieved. Financial reporting also forms the basis for sound internal control. The financial model makes it possible to monitor a number of key figures that can be understood by all managers. Each branch has its own statement of income, for which it is fully responsible. It also helps managers to understand the connection between risks and opportunities, and how various factors impact their areas of responsibility as well as how we can monitor and control these factors. It visualizes the direct link between income and expenses in the statement of income, capital employed in the balance sheet and the generation of free cash flow. Refer to pages 66-67 for more information.



A SHAREHOLDERS

Securitas is listed on Nasdaq Stockholm in the Large Cap segment since 1991. The shareholders influence the overall direction of the company at the top of the governance structure. Strong principal shareholders provide considerable attention and interest in our business and establish commitment to the success of the business.

On December 31, 2020, the principal shareholders in Securitas were Carl and Eric Douglas who, through family and Investment AB Latour, held 10.9 percent (10.9) of the capital and 29.6 percent (29.6) of the votes, and Märta and Sofia Schörling who, through family and Melker Schörling AB, held 4.5 percent (4.1) of the capital and 10.9 percent (10.7) of the votes. For more

detailed information about shareholders, see the table on page 51.

B ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

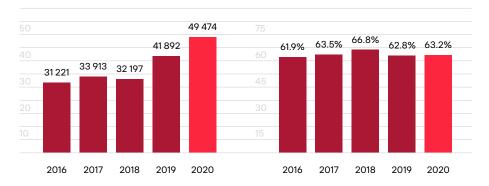
All shareholders are able to exercise their influence at the Annual General Meeting, which is the company's highest decision-making body. The Annual General Meeting decides on changes to the Articles of Association. The Articles of Association contain no limitation on the number of votes that each shareholder may exercise at a shareholders' meeting. Each shareholder may thus vote for all shares held at the shareholders' meeting.

The Annual General Meeting of Securitas AB was held on May 7, 2020. One of the resolutions passed in 2020 was the authorization for the Board

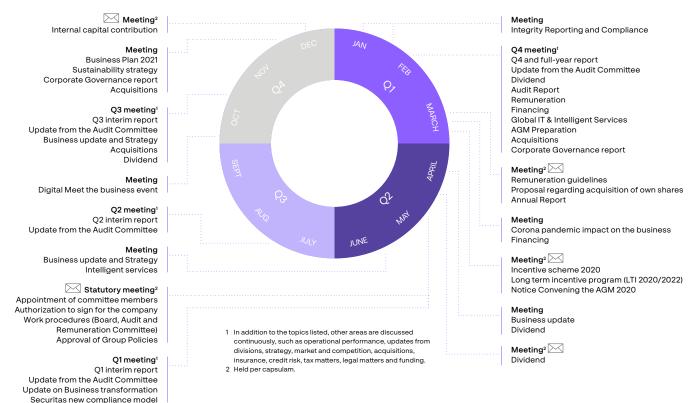
to resolve upon acquisition of the company's own shares. Shareholders representing 63.2 percent (62.8) of the total number of votes in the company participated in the Annual General Meeting. On December 9, 2020, Securitas held an Extraordinary General Meeting. The Meeting resolved that a dividend should be distributed and to amend the Articles of Association in accordance with the Board's proposal. The minutes from both meetings are available at www.securitas.com. For information about election and remuneration of Board members, see the Board of Directors section (D).

Number of shareholders 2016-2020

Attendance 2016-2020 (% of voting rights)



The work of the Board of Directors



C NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee is a body established by the Annual General Meeting with the task of preparing proposals regarding the election of Board members, the Chair of the Board and remuneration to Board members and Board committees.

As a basis for its proposals, the Nomination Committee takes into account the complete outcome of the evaluation of the Board and its work as well as the competence needed in the future. The Nomination Committee applies rule 4.1 of the Swedish Corporate Governance Code as its diversity policy and the committee has endeavored to establish a Board composition with an equal gender distribution, characterized by diversity and breadth regarding the qualifications, experience and background of the Board members. The 2020 Annual General Meeting resolved to appoint Board members in accordance with the Nomination Committee's proposal.

At the moment, the Board of Directors consists of three women and five men, meaning that the percentage of women on the Board is 37.5 percent, which is slightly below the target level stipulated by the Swedish Corporate Governance Board. It is the ambition of the Nomination Committee to continue working to create an equal

gender distribution on the Board. The Committee has adopted working instructions that govern its work.

Before each Annual General Meeting, during which the election of auditors takes place, the Nomination Committee also prepares motions regarding the election of auditors and decisions about fees to auditors and other related matters, in consultation with the Board of Directors and the Audit Committee.

The Annual General Meeting has adopted an instruction for the Nomination Committee, which includes a procedure for appointing the Nomination Committee, valid until a General Meeting resolves in a change. In accordance to this instruction the Nomination Committee shall be composed of representatives of the five largest shareholders in terms of voting rights registered in the shareholders'

register as of August 31 in the year prior to the Annual General Meeting. Refer to the AGM minutes for more information on the procedure for replacing members of the Nomination Committee who leave before its work is concluded or due to changes in the shareholder structure. The Chair of the Board, Marie Ehrling, shall convene the first meeting of the Nomination Committee and shall also be co-opted to the Nomination Committee. Based on these principles, the Nomination Committee consists of the members listed in the table below.

The Nomination Committee is to hold meetings as often as necessary to fulfill its duties. However, the Nomination Committee is to hold at least one meeting annually. The Nomination Committee held two meetings during 2020.

Nomination Committee prior to 2021 AGM

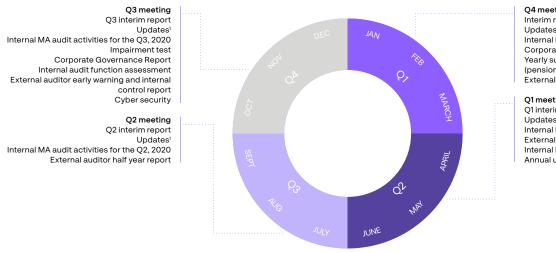
Elected members

Share of votes as of August 31, 2020

29.58%
10.94%
2.68%
1.93 %
1.44%
53.43%

¹ Johan Hjertonsson has replaced Jan Svensson as a representative of Investment AB Latour and was appointed Committee Chair by the members of the Committee on February 5, 2021.

The work of the Audit Committee



O4 meeting

Interim report and full-year report Internal MA audit activities for the Q4, 2019 Corporate Governance report Yearly summary of employee benefits (pensions) External auditor report

Q1 meeting

Q1 interim report Updates1 Internal MA audit activities for the Q1, 2020 External auditor audit plan Internal MA audit plan Annual update Group Policies

(MA) Management Assurance

Topics based on a set rolling agenda format with updates on accounting, treasury, acquisitions, risk / insurance, legal, tax internal control, sustainability, enterprise risk management, IT/IS, follow-up of on site visits, audit / consultancy costs and auditor

D BOARD OF DIRECTORS

According to the Articles of Association, the Board of Directors should have between five and ten Board members elected by the Annual General Meeting, with no more than two Deputy Directors. The Directors and Deputy Directors are elected by the Annual General Meeting for the period up to and including the first Annual General Meeting to be held in the year after the Director or Deputy Director was elected. Securitas' Board of Directors has eight members elected by the Annual General Meeting, three employee representatives and one deputy employee representative.

The Annual General Meeting re-elected Marie Ehrling as Chair of the Board and Carl Douglas as Vice-Chair. For further information about the members of the Board of Directors including remuneration, see pages 51-53.

Responsibilities of the **Board of Directors**

The Board of Directors is responsible for the organization and administration of the company and the Group in accordance with the Swedish Companies Act and also appoints the President and CEO, the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee.

In addition, the Board of Directors determines the President and CEO's salary and other remuneration. The Board meets a minimum of six times annually.

The Board of Directors of Securitas AB has approved a number of policies that apply to governance. Examples of such policies are found on page 61.

The Board ensures the quality of financial reporting through Group policies, procedures and frameworks, clear structures with defined responsibilities and through documented delegation of authority, which is further described in the enterprise risk management and internal control report, beginning on page 57. The Board has formed an Audit Committee (see section E) and a Remuneration Committee (see section F).

The work of the Board of Directors

The activities of the Board of Directors and the division of responsibility between the Board and Group Management are governed by formal procedures documented in a written instruction, which is adopted by the Board each year after the Annual General Meeting. According to these procedures, the Board should determine, among other things, the

Group's overall strategy, corporate acquisitions and property investments above a certain level, and establish a framework for the Group's operations through the Group's business plan. The Board also plays an important role in the ongoing process of identifying and evaluating significant risks faced by the Group.

The procedures include a work instruction for the President and CEO. as well as instructions for financial reporting. The procedures also prescribe that an annual evaluation of the work of the Board of Directors should be carried out. On a yearly basis, all Board members submit their answers to a questionnaire issued by the Nomination Committee about the quality of the work in the Board. Based on this report, an evaluation is made in the Board and in the Nomination Committee

The Board held 16 meetings in 2020, of which 5 were held per capsulam. The auditors participated in the Board meeting that was held in conjunction with the yearly closing of the books, in February 2020, where they presented the audit.

E AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Board of Directors has established and appointed an Audit Committee, which operates under the instructions for the Audit Committee and meets with Securitas' auditors at least four times per year. The Committee supports the Board's quality-control work in terms of financial reports, and its internal control over financial reporting.

Specifically, the Committee monitors the financial reporting, the effectiveness of internal control, internal audit activities and the risk management system. The Committee also stays informed about annual statutory audits. It assesses the external auditor's independence and receives information of, and approves the performance of, significant non-audit services.

The Committee presents its findings and proposals to the Board, prior to the Board's decision. The Committee met four times during 2020. The major topics discussed are listed on the previous page.

F REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Board has formed a Remuneration Committee to prepare decisions related to salaries, bonuses, share-based incentive schemes and other forms of compensation for Group Management, as well as other management levels if the Board of Directors so decides. The Committee presents its proposals to the Board, for the Board's decision. The Committee held two meetings during 2020.

Short-term Incentive Program

A share-based incentive scheme was adopted at the Annual General Meeting 2020, enabling the Group to gradually have approximately 2 600 of Securitas' top managers as shareholders. The scheme strengthens employee commitment to Securitas' future success and development for the benefit of all shareholders. In principal, the adopted incentive scheme entails that one-third of any annual bonus, earned under the performance-based cash bonus schemes, is converted into a right to receive shares, with delayed allotment and subject to continued employment in Securitas. The scope and content of the incentive scheme is unchanged compared to the sharebased incentive scheme that was adopted at the Annual General Meetings in 2010 and forward.

Refer to the AGM minutes and note 12 for more information.

Long-term Incentive Program

The Annual General Meeting 2019 and 2020 resolved on a long-term incentive program including the CEO, other members of Group Management and certain other key employees within the Securitas Group (LTI 2019/2021 and LTI 2020/2022, together "the LTI Programs") which are intended to work as an alternative incentive solution to the aforementioned incentive scheme and includes approximately up to 80 employees within Securitas. The outcome of the LTI Programs is based on the annual development of Securitas' earnings per share. The LTI Programs are conditional upon the participant's own investment and holding periods of several years. The vesting period for the LTI Programs are three years after

The purpose of the LTI Programs are to create a strong long-term incentive for top executives of the Group, strengthen the Group's ability to retain and recruit top executives, provide competitive remuneration, and to align the interests of the shareholders with the interests of the executives concerned by enabling the participants to become substantial shareholders in the company. Refer to the AGM minutes and note 12 for more information on the LTI Programs.

Guidelines for remuneration

The guidelines for remuneration to senior management that were adopted at the Annual General Meeting 2020 primarily entailed that remuneration to senior management and their terms of employment should be competitive and comply with market conditions, to ensure that Securitas is able to attract and keep competent senior management employees. The total remuneration to Group Management should consist of a fixed basic salary, variable remuneration, pensions and other benefits.

Thus, in addition to a fixed annual salary, Group Management may also receive variable remuneration, which shall be based on the outcome in relation to financial goals within the individual area of responsibility (Group or division) and which shall be aligned with the interest of the shareholders.

The variable remuneration should amount to a maximum of 85 percent of the fixed annual salary for the President and CEO, and a maximum of 60 to 200 percent of the fixed annual salary for other members of Group Management. The cost of the company for 2020 in terms of its obligations to pay variable remuneration to the Group Management is established to not exceed a total of MSEK 108 at maximum outcome (not including potential costs for the LTI Programs). The complete guidelines for remuneration can be found on www.securitas.com.

Additional information on remuneration to the Board of Directors and Group Management, including the outcome, see note 9.

G PRESIDENT AND CEO AND GROUP MANAGEMENT

The President and CEO and Group Management are charged with overall responsibility for conducting the business of the Securitas Group in line with the strategy and long-term goals adopted by the Board of Directors of Securitas AB. The primary tool used by the President and CEO and Group Management to measure the execution of strategies and to guide the employees and organization toward achieving its objectives is the financial framework and the financial model.

In 2020, Group Management comprised the President and CEO and 13 executives with representatives from the divisions. For further information on Group Management, see pages 54-55.

H MANAGEMENT ASSURANCE

The Management Assurance staff function has over the years operated as the Group's internal audit function and reported to the Senior Vice President Finance with an open line of communication to the Audit Committee. During 2020 it was decided to appoint a formal Internal Audit function and head of such function, the Chief Audit Executive, has been recruited and will from the first quarter 2021 build the Internal Audit team and function.

During 2020 the Management Assurance function has continued to operate as previously and the function prepares an annual plan for its work, which is approved by the Audit Committee. The results of the function's work, which includes the

execution and coordination of internal audit related activities during the year, are presented at the Audit Committee meetings. The Management Assurance Director participated in four Audit Committee meetings during 2020. The scope of the Management Assurance function is transitioning to internal control over financial reporting (ICFR) and operating as a second line of defense function, whereby it is also renamed Group ICFR.

For more information, refer to www.securitas.com.

I FUNCTIONAL COMMITTEES

The Group has established a number of functional committees, boards and work groups, including the functions for Finance / Tax and Assurance, Corporate Finance / Treasury and Legal / Risk and Insurance. These committees include the CFO, Senior Vice President Finance, Senior Vice President General Counsel and the appropriate functional area experts. The main purpose of these functional committees is to determine appropriate policies, communicate the policies and ensure local understanding (including training) of the policies, as well as monitoring key issues within each area of responsibility. There is also a separate IS/IT Board and a Digital Security committee. Quarterly meetings are held with the President and CEO, at which topics that will be reported to the Audit Committee are discussed. In addition to the above two new committees have been put in place during 2020, a Business Ethics, Sustainability Board and an ICFR Board.

J DIVISIONAL AND LOCAL MANAGEMENT

Securitas' philosophy is to work in a decentralized environment where local management is primarily responsible for monitoring and ensuring compliance by local units with the Group Policies, including any division-specific policies and guidelines. Local management is responsible for the establishment and continued operations of a system of procedures and controls that ensures the reliability of the company's management and financial reporting information in the most economical and efficient manner possible. This includes ensuring a minimum of basic and supervisory controls in order to mitigate relevant risks. Local management reports to Group Management through divisional management on operational matters and local controllers report through divisional controllers on financial reporting matters.

K AUDITORS

The Annual General Meeting 2020 elected PricewaterhouseCoopers AB (PwC) as the Group's audit firm, with authorized public accountant Patrik Adolfson as auditor in charge, for a period of one year.

The auditors' work is based on an audit plan, which is agreed upon in consultation with the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors. The auditors participate in all meetings of the Audit Committee and present their findings from the annual audit at the Board meeting held in February. In addition, the auditors should inform the Audit Committee on an annual basis of any services rendered, other than audit assignments, and any auditing fees received for such services or other circumstances that might affect the evaluation of the auditors' independence. The auditors should also participate in the Annual General Meeting to present the audit report and its conclusions.

The audit is performed in compliance with the Swedish Companies Act, generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden and International Standards on Auditing (ISA).

For audit fees and reimbursement to auditors, see note 11 and 45.



AUDITOR IN CHARGE

Patrik Adolfson, born 1973, Authorized Public Accountant, Auditor in charge, PricewaterhouseCoopers AB. Patrik Adolfson has been auditor in charge of Securitas AB since 2015.

Other audit assignments: Anticimex Group AB, AcadeMedia AB (publ), Attendo AB (publ), Nordstjernan AB, Pandox AB (publ) and Bonava AB (publ). Member of FAR.

Composition of the board and attendance in 2020

	Position			Attendance					
Board member	Board of Directors	Audit Committee	Remuneration Committee	Board meetings (16)	Audit Committee meetings (4)	Remuneration Committee meetings (2)	Total fee ¹ , SEK		Independent to share- holders (5)
Marie Ehrling	Chair	-	Chair	16	_	2	2 300 000	Yes	Yes
Carl Douglas	Vice-Chair	-	Member	12	_	2	895 000	Yes	No
Ingrid Bonde	Director	Member	-	16	4	_	835 000	Yes	Yes
John Brandon	Director	-	-	16	_	_	635 000	Yes	Yes
Anders Böös²	Director	_	-	16	2	-	635 000	Yes	No
Fredrik Cappelen	Director	Chair	-	14	4	_	960 000	Yes	Yes
Sofia Schörling Högberg	Director	Member	-	16	4	_	835 000	Yes	No
Dick Seger	Director	-	_	16	_	-	635 000	Yes	Yes
Susanne Bergman Israelsson ³	Director	-	_	14	_	-	0	-	-
Åse Hjelm³	Director	-	-	15	_	-	0	-	-
Jan Prang ³	Director	-	_	16	_	_	0	-	-

Total fee includes fees for committee work. In total, SEK 875 000 was paid out for committee work, of which SEK 150 000 for Remuneration Committee work and SEK 725 000 for Audit Committee work. For more details, refer to the minutes of the Annual General Meeting 2020 on Securitas' website: www.securitas.com 2 Member of the Audit committee until May 7, 2020.

³ Employee representatives, appointed members of the Board of Directors at the Annual General Meeting. Deputy employee representative is Thomas Fanberg. Thomas Fanberg (b. 1961) has been Deputy Director of Securitas AB since 2008. Employee Representative, Chair of Salaried Employees' Union local branch, Securitas Norrland. For comparative information about remuneration to the Board of Directors and senior management, see note 9.

Board of Directors



MARIE EHRLING Chair, born 1955 Director of Securitas AB since 2006 and Chair since 2016

Principal education: BSc in Economics and Business Administration

Other assignments: Vice Chair of Axel Johnson AB, Director of Axel Johnson International and Disruptive Materials AB

Previously: Chair of Telia Company AB, President of TeliaSonera Sverige, Deputy CEO of SAS AB, responsible for SAS Airlines and other executive positions at SAS

Shares in Securitas: 10 000 Series B shares



CARL DOUGLAS
Vice Chair, born 1965
Deputy Director of Securitas AB since 1992,
Director since 1999 and Vice Chair
since 2008
Principal education: Bachelor of Arts, Doctor
of Letters (h.c.)

Other assignments: Vice Chair of ASSA ABLOY AB, Director of Investment AB Latour Shares in Securitas: 12 642 600 Series A shares and 27 190 000 Series B shares¹



INGRID BONDE Born 1959 Director of Securitas AB since 2017

Director of Securitas AB since 2017
Principal education: BSc in Business and
Economics

Other assignments: Chair of Hoist Finance AB, Alecta, Apoteket AB and Vice Chair of Telia Company AB

Previously: CFO and Deputy CEO Vattenfall AB, CEO AMF, Chair of Swedish Climate Policy Council, Director General Swedish Financial Supervisory Authority, Loomis AB and Swedish Corporate Governance Board Shares in Securit



JOHN BRANDON
Born 1956
Director of Securitas AB since 2017
Principal education: Bachelor of Arts in History
Other assignments: Director of Hexagon AB
Previously: Vice President of Apple International,
Vice President of Apple Americas and Asia, and
President and CEO of Academic Systems

Shares in Securitas: 10 000 Series B shares

Board of directors 53



ANDERS BÖÖS
Born 1964
Director of Securitas AB since 2016
Principal education: Economic studies Upper
Secondary School
Other assignments: Chair of Einride AB and
Hantverksdata AB, Director of Investment
AB Latour, Stronghold Invest AB and Newsec
Property Asset Manangement AB
Previously: CEO of Drott AB and H&Q AB, Chair of
IFS AB and Cision AB, Director
of Haldex AB and Niscayah AB
Shares in Securitas: 25 000 Series B shares



FREDRIK CAPPELEN
Born 1957
Director of Securitas AB since 2008
Principal education: BSc in Business
Administration
Other assignments: Chair of Dometic Group AB,
Chair of KonfiDents GmbH, Transcom AB and
Zacco A/S. Member of the ICC Executive Board
Previously: President and Group Chief Executive
of Nobia, Chair of Dustin Group AB,
Byggmax Group AB, Terveystalo Oy and Sanitec
Oy, Vice Chair of Munksjö AB
Shares in Securitas: 4 000 Series B shares



SOFIA SCHÖRLING HÖGBERG
Born 1978
Director of Securitas AB since 2005
Principal education: BSc in Economics and
Business Administration
Other assignments: Vice Chair Melker Schörling
AB, Director Hexagon AB and ASSA ABLOY AB
Shares in Securitas: 4 500 000 Series A
shares and 11 811 639 Series B shares²



DICK SEGER
Born 1953
Director of Securitas AB since 2017
Principal education: Master of Science
Other assignments: Director Anticimex Group AB
Previously: CEO, Chair of the Board
and Director of Verisure Group (previous
Securitas Direct)
Shares in Securitas: 26 Series B shares



Employee representative SUSANNE BERGMAN ISRAELSSON
Born 1958
Director of Securitas AB since 2004
Employee Representative, Negotiating Shop
Steward, Swedish Transport Workers' Union local branch 19, Norra Mälardalen
Shares in Securitas: 0



Employee representative

ÅSE HJELM

Born 1962

Director of Securitas AB since 2008

Deputy Director of Securitas AB since 2007

Employee Representative, Vice Chair
of Salaried Employees' Union local branch,
Norrland, Chair of the Securitas Council
for Salaried Employees

Shares in Securitas: 120 Series B shares



Employee representative
JAN PRANG
Born 1959
Director of Securitas AB since 2008
Employee Representative, Chair of
Swedish Transport Workers' Union local branch,
Securitas Göteborg
Shares in Securitas: 0

2 Through family and Melker Schörling Al

¹ Through family and Investment AB Latour

Group management



MAGNUS AHLQVIST
President and CEO of Securitas AB*
Born: 1974
Employed: 2015
Shares in Securitas: 131 038 Series B shares,
200 000 share options'



BART ADAM
Chief Financial Officer
Born: 1965
Employed: 1999
Shares in Securitas: 50 512 Series B shares



MARTIN ALTHÉN
Chief Information Officer
Born: 1968
Employed: 2016
Shares in Securitas: 8 810 Series B shares



GREG ANDERSON
President, North American Guarding, Security
Services North America
Born: 1967
Employed: 2010
Shares in Securitas: 10 803 Series B shares



HELENA ANDREAS
Senior Vice President, Group
Communications & People
Born: 1975
Employed: 2019
Shares in Securitas: 5 394 Series B shares



TONY BYERLY
President, Securitas Electronic Security
Born: 1966
Employed: 2016
Shares in Securitas: 12 077 Series B shares

Group management 55



JOSÉ CASTEJON
Chief Operating Officer, North American
Guarding, Security Services North America
Born: 1968
Employed: 2007
Shares in Securitas: 6 440 Series B shares



JORGE COUTO
Divisional President, Security Services
Ibero-America
Born: 1970
Employed: 1998
Shares in Securitas: 9 471 Series B shares



PETER KARLSTRÖMER
Divisional President, Security Services Europe
Born: 1971
Employed: 2019
Shares in Securitas: 16 793 Series B shares



ANDREAS LINDBACK
Divisional President, AMEA
Born: 1982
Employed: 2011
Shares in Securitas: 8 447 Series B shares



JAN LINDSTROM
Senior Vice President, Finance
Born: 1966
Employed: 1999
Shares in Securitas: 17 232 Series B shares



BRIAN RIIS NIELSEN
Senior Vice President, Global Clients and leader
of Global Clients & Vertical Markets
Born: 1966
Employed: 2002
Shares in Securitas: 3 793 Series B shares



FRIDA ROSENHOLM Senior Vice President, General Counsel Born: 1974 Employed: 2018 Shares in Securitas: 5 348 Series B shares



HENRIK ZETTERBERG
Chief Operating Officer, Security Services
Europe
Born: 1976
Employed: 2014
Shares in Securitas: 11 756 Series B shares,
45 000 share options¹

* Magnus Ahlqvist holds a Master of Science in Economics and Business Administration from the Stockholm School of Economics, and a leadership exam from Harvard Business School. Previously he has held various management positions in Motorola Mobility, Sony and Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications. He is a Director of International Security Ligue.

The following changes in Group Management took place during 2020 and were effective as of July 1, 2020

- Aimé Lyagre, COO and CTO Security Services Europe, decided to leave Securitas. This role is not replaced and the
 responsibilities will be split between Henrik Zetterberg, who remains COO Security Services Europe and a member of Group
 Management but with expanded responsibilities across Europe, and Thomas Lundstedt who joined Securitas as European
 Solution Leader in April 2020.
- Marc Pissens, left from Securitas, the role of President Aviation will no longer be part of Group Management

The following changes in Group Management will be effective during 2021

- · Andreas Lindback has been appointed new Group CFO from August 16, 2021, as Bart Adam steps down
- · Brett Pickens has been appointed Divisional President AMEA and becomes a member of Group Management from April 1, 2021.

For more information about Group Management, visit www.securitas.com/en/about-us/group-management



Proactive risk management and internal control

Securitas' internal control system is designed to manage, rather than eliminate, the risk of failing to achieve business objectives. The system provides reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss, as well as compliance with the main policies.

Internal control over financial reporting is included as a part of the overall internal control of Securitas and constitutes a central part of the Group's corporate governance. The description below covers a broader perspective on how Securitas' internal control is organized, using a structure based on the COSO model, but also makes specific reference to items pertaining directly to internal control over financial reporting. On pages 60-63 we describe Securitas' enterprise risk management process (ERM), which sets the overall process for Securitas' proactive and continuous work with risk management and internal control. Securitas' insurance and claims strategy is to "act as if uninsured". Refer to page 61 for more information about insurance as a risk management tool.

CONTROL ENVIRONMENT

The key features of the control environment include: clear terms of reference for the Board and each of its committees, a clear organizational structure with documented delegation of authority documented in an approval matrix, from the Board to President and CEO and further to Group Management. It also includes the competence of employees and a series of Group policies, procedures and frameworks.

Emphasis lies on the competence and abilities of the Group's employees, with continuous training and development actively encouraged through a wide variety of training programs.

The Group has three fundamental values – Integrity, Vigilance and Helpfulness – to help its employees exercise good judgment and make decisions on a consistent basis.

Policies that apply to internal control over financial reporting are described in Securitas' Group Policies, which include the company's model for financial control (for more detailed information on the model, refer to pages 66-67), and in the Securitas Reporting Manual, which specifically focuses on reporting matters to ensure compliance with reporting requirements and rules. This creates an environment that supports reliable and accurate reporting.

RISK ASSESSMENT

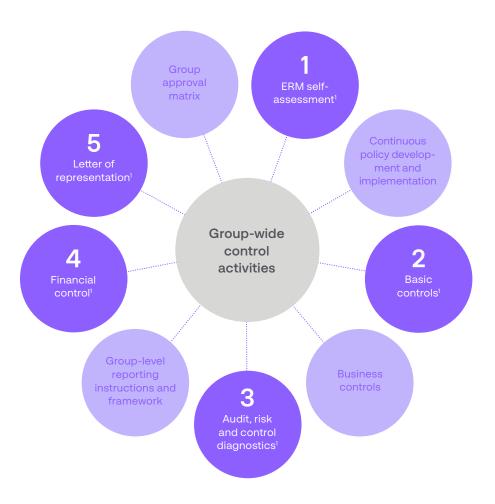
At the highest level, the Board considers where future strategic opportunities and risks lie and helps shape the corporate strategy. Balanced and focused risk management is necessary for the fulfillment of Securitas' strategies and the achievement of its corporate objectives.

Enterprise risk management (ERM) is an integral component of Securitas' operations, and risk awareness is part of the company culture. Risk assessments are conducted within the framework of the Securitas ERM process, further described on page 60–63, regardless whether the assessments pertain to operational risks or financial reporting risks. Securitas does not classify compliance risk as a separate category.

Instead, it is included in the operational category. Risk assessment is a dynamic process that aims to identify and analyze risks in relation to Securitas' objectives. It serves as the basis for implementing mitigating actions after considering the controls in place (reduce, transfer / share or accept the risk in question).

GROUP-WIDE CONTROL ACTIVITIES

Internal control covers all divisions and subsidiaries in the Group. Internal control activities are established by policies and processes, which help ensure that all management directives to manage risks are executed. Controls are performed on several levels within the organization and are established based on the process concerned.



This illustration shows an overview of the key Group-wide control activities.

1 ERM SELF-ASSESSMENT

Every major country throughout the Group performs an annual self-assessment, which is a part of the process to manage enterprise-wide risks. It covers key risks, including financial reporting risks, measures taken and compliance with Securitas Group Policies and Securitas Reporting Manual. The content is updated on a continuous basis to reflect the risks that Securitas is facing, which includes ensuring that risks related to the strategy and development of the technology offering are incorporated as appropriate.

The self-assessments promote control awareness and accountability and results are signed off by each country president. The answers are compiled at the divisional and Group levels to support benchmarking within and between divisions. The answers are also used as input for further audit

or review procedures, or other risk management activities. Group and divisions create action plans and activities to follow up and support the countries. Each reporting country is responsible for acting on any deviations.

2 BASIC CONTROLS

Detailed controls in financial reporting processes such as revenue, payroll and IT, are included as one component of Securitas' overall Group-wide control framework called "basic controls". Basic controls set the minimum Group requirement regarding what needs to be in place based on risk assessment. Supplementary controls ensure full protection of the company's assets and assure accurate and reliable financial reporting tailored to the entity's specific conditions. These controls can include manual, application or general IT controls.

Key areas covered:

- · protection of company assets
- completeness and timeliness of client invoicing
- · credit collection procedures
- contract management
- · HR / payroll
- IT (including information security)
- · business continuity planning
- · validity of payments to third parties
- · accuracy of general ledger
- timeliness and accuracy of Group reporting
- · compliance with local requirements
- · conflict of interests

3 AUDIT, RISK AND CONTROL DIAGNOSTICS

One important audit activity is the country diagnostics. The diagnostics comprise a work program covering IFRS compliance, as well as key controls within financial reporting processes, contract management and IT security. These reviews are usually conducted within the first year after an acquisition has been made and a follow-up is performed during the second year, provided that significant areas for improvement have been identified. After that countries are includeed on a rotational basis. The Group also performs risk and control diagnostics in functional areas which, by nature, have a high degree of inherent risk. These diagnostics aim to ensure compliance with key policies such as the Client contract policy and the Securitas' Values and Ethics Code. Securitas develops this audit and review process on a continuous basis using both internal and external resources.

4 FINANCIAL CONTROL

Control activities specifically aimed at managing risks related to financial reporting include methods and activities for securing assets, controlling the accuracy and reliability of internal and external financial reports, and ensuring compliance with defined guidelines.

Regular analyses of the financial results at the various levels of the organization using the financial model ensure that financial information main-

tains a high level of quality. Securitas' financial reporting is based on the following foundations:

- Securitas Group Policies for financial planning and reporting, long-term financing and treasury, risks and insurance, communications, branding, legal issues and IT
- Guidelines in Securitas' financial model, which create the framework for a simple and clear internal reporting method, including timely and accurate follow-up of financial key figures (Securitas Six Fingers)
- Securitas' Reporting Manual, which provides all managers and financial staff with detailed instructions and definitions for financial reporting
- The controller, who is responsible for continuously ensuring that the financial information provided is accurate, transparent, relevant and up to date.
 The controller receives continuous feedback from the Group regarding reporting quality, which is an effective tool for enhanced reporting. In addition, each division has a divisional controller with corresponding responsibilities at the divisional level.

5 LETTER OF REPRESENTATION

The Group has a representation process in which operating unit presidents and controllers sign a letter of representation in connection with the year-end report, stating their opinion on whether the internal control over financial reporting and the reporting packages give a true and fair view of the financial position.

The letter also covers the broader perspective of internal control, including compliance with Securitas Group Policies related to financial reporting.

INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION

Securitas' channels for information and communication are constantly developed to ensure that all employees are given clear objectives and are made aware of the parameters that constitute acceptable business practices, as well as the expec-

tations of the Board in managing risks. This provides a clear definition of the Group's purpose and goals, accountabilities and the scope of permitted activities of employees.

Systems and procedures have been implemented that support complete, accurate and timely financial reporting and provide management with the necessary reports on business performance relative to the established objectives. The Group reporting department regularly issues guidance on reporting matters and the reporting manual is available in a Group-wide database. Reporting units regularly prepare financial and management reports that are discussed at review meetings at different levels. These include an analysis of financial performance and risks for the organization to understand its responsibility with regard to internal control and its impact in relation to risks, goals and objectives.

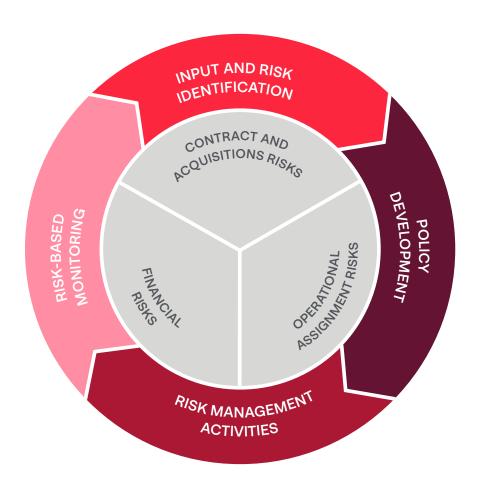
MONITORING

Monitoring is performed at different levels and by different functions within the organization depending on whether it is related to operational or financial reporting matters. Key functions include the Board of Directors, the Audit Committee, Group Management, functional committees, Group ICFR (former Management Assurance), the Group Risk organization, and local and divisional management.

In addition to the follow up done in these first and second line defense functions it was also during the year decided to start a formal Internal Audit function where the Chief Audit Executive was recruited and started in January, 2021.

Four-step process for managing enterprise risk

Securitas' process for enterprise risk management (ERM) is well integrated into the business and seeks to identify, prioritize and manage the key risks to our operations at all levels and in all parts of the organization.



Securitas is exposed to various types of risks in our daily business. When providing security services, Securitas manages not only our own risks, but also risks on behalf of our clients. It is important to us to minimize the risk of loss occurring as it also protects our stakeholders. Securitas' risks have been classified into three main categories: contract and acquisitions risks, operational assignment risks and financial risks. The categories are based on the natural flow of our business - entering into a contract, execution of the assignment and the financial result. Similar risk categories are also relevant for acquisitions, but

are then classified as acquisition risks, operational integration risks and financial integration risks.

CONTRACT AND ACQUISITIONS RISKS

The contract risks (and acquisitions risks) category includes risks related to entering into a client contract and risks related to the acquisition of a new business.

OPERATIONAL ASSIGNMENT RISKS

The operational assignment risks (and operational integration risks) category includes risks that are associated with our daily operations and the services

we provide to our clients. This category also covers all risks related to the infrastructure necessary for running the business as well as sustainability risks. Examples are assignment execution risks, Securitas' Values and Ethics compliance risk and health and safety risks and operational risks, such as IT failure, business continuity, information security and data protection, as well as employee attraction and retention.

FINANCIAL RISKS

The financial risks (and financial integration risks) category includes risks related to financial reporting,

as well as financial risks related to external financing needs and currency exposure. To allow the divisions, countries and regions to focus fully on their operations, the management of certain risks such as financing and currency is centralized to the Group Treasury Centre. Other examples within this category are fraud and error risk, management estimates assumptions risk, credit and cash flow risk and regulatory reporting risk.

All the risks in these categories can impact the Group's financial performance and position if they are not managed in a structured way. Therefore, Securitas has developed its fourstep process approach for managing enterprise risks.

To support the ERM work, Securitas has implemented a web-based governance, risk and compliance (GRC) system that cover all four steps in Securitas' enterprise risk management process and gathers the ERM information in one database. It is used to streamline the ERM work by structuring and automating processes and workflows, such as reports. The aim is to improve the overall quality of the ERM work and have one single point of information.

INPUT AND RISK IDENTIFICATION

The process starts with risk identification and prioritization during the ERM planning process. As part of the overall annual business plan process, each level of the organization prepares an ERM business plan, which sets the focus and priorities for operational risk management within countries, divisions and the Group for the coming year. The yearly risk assessment process is coordinated by the risk organization led by the Group Risk function. The Group Risk function is also responsible for maintenance of the risk register, which is updated annually primarily based on the country ERM business plans, but also on other sources of input.

POLICY DEVELOPMENT

The next step in the process is to assess whether new policies need to be created or existing policies need to be updated. Securitas Group policies, which is one of the cornerstones of Securitas' ERM process, establish the framework for all policies and compliance monitoring in the Group. The Group policies are developed

by management and key policies are approved by the Board of Directors. A general policy update is released after the statutory Board meeting in May every year, but specific policies are also issued or updated when necessary throughout the year. During 2020 significant work was done to standardize and simplify all Group policies, moving some of the more detailed content to directives, instructions and guidelines appropriate for the subject matter experts. Some of the key policies adopted that are relevant for governance perspectives are Group Contract policy, Securitas' Values and Ethics Code, Whistleblower policy, Communication policy, Anti Bribery and Corruption policy, Fair competition and Anti-trust policy, Privacy policy and Insider policy.

RISK MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

The third step of the process is the risk management activities. The Board of Directors has the ultimate responsibility for governance of risk management while the accountability for managing risks and for implementing and maintaining control systems in accordance with Group policies is clearly assigned to management at Group, divisional and local level. Specifically, divisional management are responsible for all aspects of the operations in their divisions, including operational risk management and risk minimization as well as creating risk awareness throughout the division. Operating unit managers and country risk managers are responsible for ensuring that risk management is part of the local corporate culture at all levels within a country.

RISK-BASED MONITORING

The identified risks and adopted policies set the structure for the fourth step of the process – Risk-based monitoring. Key risks are monitored through self-assessments, audits, risk and control diagnostics (described on page 58-59), legal reviews, sustainability reviews and/or are subject to other monitoring activities throughout the year. Monitoring permeates all levels throughout the organization and is performed by different functions depending on whether it is related to operational or financial reporting matters.

More information on each step of the process is to be found on www.securitas.com

Insurance as a risk management tool

STRATEGY

Securitas' insurance and claims strategy is to "act as if uninsured." This means that while external insurance is used to protect the balance sheet and minimize fluctuations in earnings, our day-to-day task is to perform our assignment as if we do not have any insurance in place.

One important part of our risk management work involves taking a proactive approach to contracts and assignment instructions to prevent claims from occurring. From a risk management perspective, it is important that the contract clearly defines the assignment to be performed by Securitas and that our employees' assignment instructions mirror the contract.

IMPORTANCE OF ACTIVE CLAIMS MANAGEMENT

Another significant part of Securitas' risk management work involves active claims management, as well as ongoing claims analysis of frequent and large losses with the aim of identifying the underlying driving forces. The claims are analyzed to find out if there are certain types of services, contracts, regions and so forth that cause insurance claims. As the Group's external insurance premiums are partly determined by the historic loss record, a favorable loss record will contribute to lower premiums and a lower cost of risk.

PROCUREMENT STRATEGY

Insurance programs are procured with the objective of creating a balanced and cost-efficient protection against negative financial impact. Securitas seeks to achieve economies of scale through coordinated insurance programs and the optimal utilization of the Group's insurance captives. The strategy is to cover the more frequent claims arising in Securitas' own books. Using insurance captives gives the Group an opportunity to handle part of the claims process internally and provides Group Management with an option to establish some independence from the cyclical nature of commercial insurance markets.

BENEFITS FOR OUR CLIENTS

An important advantage of our Global insurance programs is that our clients can be confident that Securitas' high-quality insurance cover is consistent in all markets.

Securitas key risks

Securitas' risk register contains about 50 risks. Out of the 50 risks, 14 are selected as top risks that will be subjected to monitoring activities during the year. Out of these, eight risks are currently considered key Group risks for 2020 and have been assigned primary focus during the year. For information on our key risks and how they are managed, refer to the table below.

	Input and risk identification	Policy development
Contract risk	Risk that unreasonable obligations and risks are undertaken in the contract, resulting in unbalanced terms for the type of assignment in question, such as excessive liability, unrealistic service levels or unfavorable pricing mechanisms.	The Group has formal policies and guidelines for defining the approval process and authorization levels for new contracts as well as how to manage existing contracts. All relevant employees receive training in these policies. In addition, operations are protected by a customized Securitas insurance program, should unforeseen events occur. Read more about Securitas' insurance and claims strategy on the previous page.
Securitas' Values and Ethics compliance risk	Risk of non-compliance with Securitas' Values and Ethics Code (the Code) can ultimately result in reputational damage, lost revenues, penalties, fines, difficulties in recruiting, etc.	The Code is one of the key corporate policies that ensures the company upholds and promotes the highest ethical business standards. Securitas' basic requirement is to act within the framework of laws and international conventions, such as the United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights. As a complement to the Code, the Group has adopted several policies, where some of the already existing ones were updated during 2020 and new versions released. These were for example a new Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy, a Securitas Business Partner Code of Conduct, a Group Fair Competition and Anti-Trust Policy.
Information security risk	Risk of failing to protect the confidentiality, integrity and/or availability of data and data processing, which may result in operational losses, reputational damage, third-party liabilities and/or regulatory fines.	The Group's information security policy sets forth Group Management's ambition, expectations and directions for information security across the Securitas Group as a further level of detail to supplement the information security strategy established by the Board of Directors. During the year a new Group Digital Security Policy was adopted.
Assignment execution risk	Risk that agreed contractual requirements are not met, which in turn could adversely impact the contract portfolio churn rate, growth, customer relations and reputation.	The Group policy requires local human resources policies covering the areas of hiring employees, retaining employees, development and training, and compliance with relevant laws and regulations. Proper recruitment procedures and the training and supervision of security officers are important for mitigating the risk.
Compliance (regulatory and other) risk	Risk that regulatory and other requirements are not met or that Securitas does not meet the compliance expectations in the market or among our customers or investors. This could result in lower quality, higher costs, lost income, delay, penalties, fines or reputational damage.	Risks related to compliance with laws and regulations are managed at all levels in the organization, by all employees. The guiding policy is Securitas' Values and Ethics Code, but risks are further governed in separate policies relating to specific topics/areas. An example of such is Privacy Compliance where a revised Group Privacy Policy was released during the year.
Business continuity risk	Risk that key business processes cannot operate following an incident which could cause significant disruption to the operations.	The Group's business continuity policy requires all entities to have a written contingency plan based on the classification of key processes. The plan should also cover key IT systems and be linked to controls of IT disruptions, including disaster recovery plans. The plan should cover all relevant areas, including regular updates and testing.
Price/ production cost risk	Risk of not being able to manage prices/wages or other production costs in a desired manner, for example wage increases not reflected properly in customer contracts which could lead to deteriorated margins.	Part of the Group financial reporting procedures, reporting of price/wage KPIs at Group level is mandatory as part of the monthly and quarterly reporting package.
Insider threat risk	Risk that a person in his/her position as employed by, or subcontractors to, Securitas potentially could pose a threat to Securitas, our clients and/or the public, for example by being involved in organized crime, terrorism, extremist- or similar activities.	The Group's Insider threat policy is to be implemented by all countries due to the increased risk of terrorism and exposure of insider threat. The aim is to ensure to the largest extent possible that we can avoid and/or detect employees/ subcontractors that potentially could pose a threat to Securitas, to our clients and/or the public.

Risk management activities Risk-based monitoring Contract To manage contract risks in a structured way in the Since contract risk is a key risk, Securitas monitors this operations, we use a business risk evaluation model known through reviews (called diagnostics) to test the effectiveness risk as the Scale, which is part of Securitas' management model, of controls in the contract management process. Contract risk is also monitored through the ERM self-assessments and "The Toolbox". The model evaluates the assignment, risk, contract terms and financial aspects. All employees involved business plan process. in the contract management process receive training in the model. All our employees are trained in the Code. In addition, we The risk is monitored through sustainability reviews, audits, Securitas' also have training requirements for the policies related to the the ERM self-assessments and business plan process. Values and Code, such as the mandatory training on the Anti-Corruption The Group has an Ethics and Sustainability Board, which **Ethics** Policy and the Group Fair Competition and Anti-Trust Policy. establishes the principles for Securitas' sustainability work and closely follows up cases of alleged non-compliance with compliance the Code, reported through Securitas Integrity Line or other risk reporting channels. Information security risk management will remain a focus The implementation of the Digital Security policy and Information area over the next few years as the cyber security threat strengthening of relevant capabilities in this domain are security risk landscape evolves. In 2020, Securitas took further steps monitored using different sources of assurance, such as to enhance cyber security capabilities and implemented reviews, audits, ERM self-assessments as well as local country additional preventative controls as well as further developing monitoring activities. the governance model. The risk is monitored through the ERM self-assessments and Assignment Local procedures for security services include a process for written site instructions ensuring they are defined, up to date, business plan process as well as through local branch audits. execution risk known and understood. Compliance It is mandatory that local processes include procedures to The review procedures in the Group are designed to identify ensure compliance with relevant laws and regulations, that any changes in regulatory requirements that may affect (regulatory there is an assigned responsibility for recurring reviews Securitas' activities and to take the appropriate actions. and other) risk and that action plans are in place for addressing any issues Specific for GDPR, IT/IS GDPR focused reviews were identified. Compliance with Privacy and specifically GDPR conducted in select countries. continued to be a key focus during 2020. A mandatory e-learning "Privacy and Data Protection Essentials" and a new Privacy compliance platform was launched during the year. During the last couple of years, Securitas has carried out a The risk is monitored through audits, as well as the ERM self-**Business** Group project focusing on business continuity planning with assessments and ERM-business plan process. continuity workshops in selected countries throughout the Group to risk share methodologies for creating, testing and maintaining business continuity plans for critical business processes and Price/ The processes include measurement, communication, Price/wage increases are monitored and followed up on a training and support for employees involved in the pricing monthly basis and are part of the monthly reporting package production of our services, at the inception of a contract and for price at Group level. cost risk adjustments.

The risk and policy implementation are monitored through

Insider threat reviews where select countries were followed

self-assessment and the ERM-business plan process

up on during 2020. The risk is also monitored through the ERM

All countries are required to implement specific processes

and controls to mitigate the risk. Such measures includes: risk

assessment & workshops, screening processes, awareness,

operational measures, reporting channels and investigation

procedures.

Insider

threat risk

Signatures of the Board of Directors

Stockholm, March 18, 2021

Marie Ehrling

Chair

Carl Douglas

Vice Chair

Ingrid Bonde
Director

John Brandon

Director

Anders Böös Director

Fredrik Cappelen

Director

Sofia Schörling Högberg

Director

Dick Seger

Director

Susanne Bergman Israelsson

Director

Employee Representative

Åse Hjelm

Director

Employee Representative

Jan Prang Director

Employee Representative

Magnus Ahlqvist

President and

Chief Executive Officer

Auditor's report on the corporate governance statement

(translation of the Swedish original)

To the general meeting of the shareholders in Securitas AB, corporate identity number 556302-7241

ENGAGEMENT AND RESPONSIBILITY

It is the Board of Directors who is responsible for the corporate governance statement for the year 2020 (on pages 42-64) and that it has been prepared in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act.

THE SCOPE OF THE AUDIT

Our examination has been conducted in accordance with FAR's auditing standard RevU 16 The auditor's examination of the corporate governance statement. This means that our examination of the corporate

Stockholm, March 18, 2021 PricewaterhouseCoopers AB governance statement is different and substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden.
We believe that the examination has provided us with sufficient basis for our opinions.

OPINIONS

A corporate governance statement has been prepared. Disclosures in accordance with chapter 6 section 6 the second paragraph points 2–6 the Annual Accounts Act and chapter 7 section 31 the second paragraph the same law are consistent with the annual accounts and the consolidated accounts and are in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act.

Patrik Adolfson

Authorized Public Accountant Auditor in charge

Madeleine Endre

Authorized Public Accountant